

Lecture 5: Deformation to the normal bundle

§ The deformation space

Def

Let $Y \hookrightarrow X$ be a closed immersion in Sch_k (finite type separated k -schemes) and let $\mathcal{I} = \mathcal{I}_Y \subset \mathcal{O}_X$ be the ideal sheaf.

We have the graded $\mathcal{O}_X$ algebra $\bigoplus_{n \geq 0} \mathcal{I}^n \subset \mathcal{O}_X$ and the graded $\mathcal{O}_Y$ algebra $\bigoplus_{n \geq 0} \mathcal{I}^n / \mathcal{I}^{n+1} \subset \mathcal{O}_Y$.

1) The normal cone of Y in X , $N_Y X$ is the Y -scheme

$$N_Y X := \text{Spec}_{\mathcal{O}_Y} \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} \mathcal{I}^n / \mathcal{I}^{n+1}, \text{ with } N_Y X \rightarrow Y \text{ induced by } \mathcal{O}_Y \rightarrow \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} \mathcal{I}^n / \mathcal{I}^{n+1}$$

2) The blow-up of X along Y , $\text{Bl}_Y X$ is

$$\text{Proj}_{\mathcal{O}_X} \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} \mathcal{I}^n. \text{ We have the cartesian diagram}$$

$$E := \text{Proj}_{\mathcal{O}_Y} \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} \mathcal{I}^n / \mathcal{I}^{n+1} \xrightarrow{i_E} \text{Bl}_Y X \xrightarrow{\pi_Y} \text{Bl}_Y X$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & & \downarrow \pi & & \downarrow \pi \\ & & Y & \xrightarrow{i_Y} & X & \xleftarrow{i_Y} & X \times Y \\ & & & & \text{Bl}_Y X & & \end{array}$$

E is the exceptional divisor of π , a Cartier divisor on $\text{Bl}_Y X$

3) The deformation space $D(X, Y) \rightarrow X \times \mathbb{A}^1$
 is the open subscheme $\text{Bl}_{Y \times 0} X \times \mathbb{A}^1 \setminus \text{Bl}_{Y \times 0} X \times 0$

of $\text{Bl}_{Y \times 0} X \times \mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow X \times \mathbb{A}^1$, where the closed

immersion $\text{Bl}_{Y \times 0} X \times 0 \hookrightarrow \text{Bl}_{Y \times 0} X \times \mathbb{A}^1$ is induced by

the closed immersion $i_0: X \times 0 \hookrightarrow X \times \mathbb{A}^1$

Remark 1 (explicitly: With $\mathbb{A}^1 = \text{Spec } k[t]$). Then the
 ideal sheaf $\mathcal{I}_{Y \times 0} \subset \mathcal{O}_{X \times \mathbb{A}^1}$ is $(\mathcal{I}, t)$, the ideal
 sheaf generated by $P_X^\vee \mathcal{I}$ and $P_{\mathbb{A}^1}^\vee(t)$. Then

$$\text{Bl}_{Y \times 0} X \times \mathbb{A}^1 = \text{Proj } \bigoplus (\mathcal{I}, t)^n$$

and the closed immersion $\text{Bl}_{Y \times 0} X \times 0 \hookrightarrow \text{Bl}_{Y \times 0} X \times \mathbb{A}^1$
 is induced by the surjection $\bigoplus (\mathcal{I}, t)^n \rightarrow \bigoplus \mathcal{I}^n$
 with kernel $(t_1) \mathcal{O}_{X \times \mathbb{A}^1}$, where $t_1 = t \in (\mathcal{I}, t) \subset \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} (\mathcal{I}, t)^n$

2) $D(X, Y) \rightarrow X \times A^1$ is affine with

$$D(X, Y) = \text{Spec} \left[\bigoplus_{n \geq 0} (H, t)^n [t^{-1}] \right]_0$$

$X \times A^1$

for $X = \text{Spec } A$ affine Y defined by $\bigcap I \subset A$,

$$D(X, Y) = \text{Spec } A[t] + \underbrace{\bigcap_{n \geq 1} I^n t^{-n}}_{\text{subalg}} A[t, t^{-1}]$$

Prop 1) We have cartesian diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} N_{X/Y} & \hookrightarrow & D(X, Y) & \hookrightarrow & X \times (A^1 \setminus 0) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \mu & & \downarrow = \\ Y \times 0 & & & & \\ \downarrow & & & & \\ X \times 0 & \hookrightarrow & X \times A^1 & \hookrightarrow & X \times (A^1 \setminus 0) \end{array}$$

2) μ is flat

3) if $Y \subset X$ is a regular embedding then $N_{Y/X} \rightarrow Y \times 0$ is a vector bundle, "normal bundle"

Proof We have the cartesian diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} E & \hookrightarrow & B\mu_{X \times 0} & \hookrightarrow & X \times A^1 \times Y \times 0 \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \parallel \\ Y \times 0 & \hookrightarrow & Y \times A^1 & \hookrightarrow & X \times A^1 \times Y \times 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{anl} & & \\ E_n \text{Bl}_{Y \times 0}^{X \times 0} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \text{Bl}_{Y \times 0}^{X \times 0} \hookrightarrow (X \setminus Y) \times 0 \\ & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & Y \times 0 & \hookrightarrow X \times 0 \hookrightarrow (X \setminus Y) \times 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{fibre} & & \\ \text{Cartesian} & & \\ \text{diagram} & & \\ E \setminus \bar{E} & \hookrightarrow D(X, Y) \hookrightarrow X \times (\Lambda' \setminus 0) \\ & \downarrow & \parallel \\ & Y \times 0 & \hookrightarrow X \times \Lambda' \hookrightarrow X \times (\Lambda' \setminus 0) \end{array}$$

$$E \setminus \bar{E} \hookrightarrow E = \text{Proj} \left(\bigoplus_{i=0}^n \frac{(\mathcal{O}_Y)^n}{(\mathcal{O}_Y)^{n+1}} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Spec}_{\mathcal{O}_Y} \left(\bigoplus_{i=0}^n \frac{(\mathcal{O}_Y)^n}{(\mathcal{O}_Y)^{n+1}} [t_i^{-1}] \right) &= \text{Spec}_{\mathcal{O}_Y} \left(\bigoplus_{i=0}^n \frac{(\mathcal{O}_Y)^n}{(\mathcal{O}_Y)^{n+1}} \right) \\ &= N_Y X \quad (\text{Matsushima Thm 49}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2) \text{ Flatness: } & \text{if } A(t) \in \bigoplus_{i=0}^n \mathcal{I}_i t_i^{-n} \hookrightarrow \text{is a non-zero} \\ \text{and} & \quad (A(t) \oplus \bigoplus_{i=0}^n \mathcal{I}_i t_i^{-n}) [t_i^{-1}] = A[t_i^{-1}] \text{ div} \end{aligned}$$

3) Suppose $k = \text{Spec } A$ $A \supset I$ $Y \subset V(I)$

and $I = (f_1, \dots, f_r)$ regular sequence

$\bar{f}_i$ is mod f_i in I/I^2 . Then

i) I/I^2 is a free A/I module with basis $\bar{f}_1, \dots, \bar{f}_r$

ii) $\text{Sym}^* I/I^2 \xrightarrow{\sim} \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} I^n/I^{n+1}$

(cf. Matsumura - Comm. Alg.)

Globally this says $\mathcal{I}/\mathcal{I}^2$ is a locally free $\mathcal{O}_Y$ -module

and $\text{Sym}^* \mathcal{I}/\mathcal{I}^2 \xrightarrow{\sim} \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} \mathcal{I}^n/\mathcal{I}^{n+1}$

$\Rightarrow N_Y X = \text{Spec}_{\mathcal{O}_Y} \text{Sym}^* \mathcal{I}/\mathcal{I}^2$ and

The sheaf of sections of $N_Y X$ is $(\mathcal{I}/\mathcal{I}^2)^\vee$

$\Rightarrow N_Y X \rightarrow Y$ is a vector bundle

Remark The closed immersion $Y \times A' \hookrightarrow X \times A'$

defines the closed immersion $Y \times A' \subset B|_{Y \times 0} Y \times A' \hookrightarrow B|_{X \times 0} X \times A'$

$B|_{Y \times 0} Y \times A' \subset D(X, Y) \subset \text{Spec} \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} \bigoplus_{\mathcal{O}_{Y \times A'}} \text{Prin}(\mathcal{O}_{Y \times A'}^{\otimes n}) \subset \text{Prin} \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} \mathcal{O}_{Y \times 0}^{\otimes n}$

§ The double deformation space

Def Let $Z \hookrightarrow Y \hookrightarrow X$ be dual immersions, We have

$$Z \times \mathbb{A}^1 \hookrightarrow Y \times \mathbb{A}^1 \hookrightarrow D(X, Y), \text{ Define}$$

$$\bar{D}(X, Y, Z) = D(D(X, Y), Z \times \mathbb{A}^1)$$

↓

$$X \times \mathbb{A}^1 \times \mathbb{A}^1$$

Remark We have

$$\text{Bl}_{Z \times \mathbb{A}^1 \times 0} (\text{Bl}_{Y \times 0} X \times \mathbb{A}^1) \times \mathbb{A}^1$$

U open

$$\text{Bl}_{Z \times \mathbb{A}^1 \times 0} D(X, Y) \times \mathbb{A}^1 \simeq \text{Bl}_{Z \times \mathbb{A}^1 \times 0} (\text{Bl}_{Y \times 0} X \times \mathbb{A}^1 \cup \text{Bl}_{Y \times 0} D(X, Y)) \times \mathbb{A}^1$$

U open

$$\bar{D}(X, Y, Z) = \text{Bl}_{Z \times \mathbb{A}^1 \times 0} D(X, Y) \times \mathbb{A}^1 \setminus \text{Bl}_{Z \times \mathbb{A}^1 \times 0} D(X, Y) \times 0$$

Prop 1) $\bar{D}(X, Y, Z) \Big|_{X \times A' \times (A'_{10})} \cong D(X, Y) \times (A'_{10})$

2) $\bar{D}(X, Y, Z) \Big|_{X \times (A'_{10}) \times A'} \cong (A'_{10}) \times D(X, Z)$
 (note: $\cong \rho_{13}^* D(X, Z)$)

3) $\bar{D}(X, Y, Z) \Big|_{X \times O \times A'} = D(N_Y X, s_Y(Z))$

where $s_Y: Y \rightarrow N_Y X$ is the O -section

4) $\bar{D}(X, Y, Z) \Big|_{X \times A' \times O} = \bigcup_{Z \times A'} D(X, Y) \quad (\hookrightarrow N_Y X \times (A'_{10}))$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \begin{array}{c} N_Y X \\ \downarrow \\ N_Y X \\ \downarrow \\ N_Y X \end{array} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \begin{array}{c} X \times A' \times O \\ \downarrow \\ X \times O \end{array} \\
 & & \downarrow \\
 & & X \times A' \\
 & & \downarrow \\
 & & X \times A'_{10}
 \end{array}$$

$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ N_Y X \times (A'_{10}) \\ \downarrow \\ X \times A'_{10} \end{array}$

Proof (1) $\bar{D} = D(D(X, Y), Z \times A') \Rightarrow$

$\bar{D} \Big|_{X \times A' \times (A'_{10})} = D(X, Y) \times (A'_{10})$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (2) \quad \bar{D}|_{X \times (A' \cup 0) \times A'} &= D(D(X, Y)|_{X \times (A' \cup 0)}, Z \times (A' \cup 0)) \\
 &= D(X \times (A' \cup 0), Z \times (A' \cup 0)) \\
 &= P_{13}^* \bar{D}(X, Z) \\
 &\cong (A' \cup 0) \times D(X, Z)
 \end{aligned}$$

(3) Since $\text{Bl}(D(X, Y)|_A) \times_A A' \times_A A'$ is flat

we have $\bar{D} \xrightarrow{\text{open}} \bar{D}|_{X \times 0 \times A'}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Bl}_{Z \times A' \cup 0} (D(X, Y) \times A') \Big|_{X \times 0 \times A'} > \bar{D}|_{X \times 0 \times A'} \\
 &= \text{Bl}_{Z \times 0} (D(X, Y)|_0 \times A') \\
 &= \text{Bl}_{Z \times 0} (N_Y X \times A') \supset \bar{D}|_{X \times 0 \times A'}
 \end{aligned}$$

we see that $\text{Bl}_{Z \times A' \cup 0} (D(X, Y) \cup 0) \simeq Z \times 0 \subset N_Y X \times A'$
 is $\mathbb{A}_Y^1(\mathbb{A}^1) \times 0$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{D}|_{X \times 0 \times A'} = \text{Bl}_{Z \times 0} (N_Y X \times A') \setminus \text{Bl}_{Z \times 0} (N_Y X \times 0) \\
 \cong D(N_Y X, Z \times 0 \times \mathbb{A}^1).$$

$$(4) \quad \bar{D}(X, Y, Z) \Big|_{X \times \mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow 0} = D(D(X, Y), Z \Big|_{\mathbb{A}^1}) \Big|_{X \times \mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow 0}$$

$$= N \quad D(X, Y) \quad \Big|_{X \times \mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow 0}$$

§ The specialization map Take $Z \times \mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow X$ a closed immersion, give the def diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} N_Y X & \hookrightarrow & D(X, Y) \hookrightarrow X \times (\mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow 0) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 0 & \hookrightarrow & X \times \mathbb{A}^1 \hookrightarrow X \times (\mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow 0) \end{array} \xrightarrow{\pi} X$$

Def Define the specialization map

$$\bar{J}(i) = \bar{J}(X, Y) : X \rightarrow N_Y X$$

as the composition

$$X \xrightarrow{\pi^*} X \times (\mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow 0) \xrightarrow{\text{it's}} X \times (\mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow 0) \xrightarrow{\partial} N_Y X$$

Note $\bar{J}(\omega) : C_*(X, M) \rightarrow C_*(N_Y X, M)$ is a map of complexes of bidegree $(0, 0)$

• for $M = \mathbb{Z}$ The induced map

$$A_p(X, \mathbb{Z}, -p) \rightarrow A_p(N_Y X, -p)$$

" $CH_p(N_Y X)$

" $CH_p(X)$

is Fulton's "specialization to the normal cone"

Note

Root's convention for the local immersion
 $N_X Y = \text{Spec} \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} \mathcal{I}_Y / \mathcal{I}_Y^{n+1} \hookrightarrow D(X, Y) = \text{Spec} \mathcal{O}_X[t] \oplus \sum_{n \geq 1} \mathcal{I}_Y^n t^{-n}$

has $\tau^*: \mathcal{I}_Y^n t^{-n} \rightarrow \mathcal{I}_Y^n / \mathcal{I}_Y^{n+1}$ defined as

$$\tau^*(a t^{-n}) = (-1)^n \text{res}(a) \quad \text{res}: \mathcal{I}_Y^n \rightarrow \mathcal{I}_Y^n / \mathcal{I}_Y^{n+1}$$

and $\tau^*: \mathcal{O}_X[t] \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_Y = \mathcal{O}_X / \mathcal{I}_Y$ by $t \mapsto 0$
 $\mathcal{O}_X \twoheadrightarrow \mathcal{O}_Y$

"to avoid signs appearing later on"

lemma (11-1) let $Y \hookrightarrow X$ be a closed immersion into $\mathcal{O}$ -red.

$s_Y: Y \rightarrow N_Y X$. Then

$$\bar{J}(X, Y) \circ i_X = s_{Y*}$$

pf $\bar{J}(X, Y) \circ i_X$ is the composite (4.4) (1), (4.3)

$$Y \xrightarrow[\mathcal{P}_Y^0]{} Y \times_{\mathcal{A}(k)}^{\text{st}} Y \times_{\mathcal{A}(k)}^{\text{st}} \mathcal{O} \xrightarrow{\partial} Y \xrightarrow[\mathcal{P}_{Y*}]{} N_Y X \quad \begin{matrix} \uparrow \mathcal{O}(H) \cdot \mathcal{P}_Y^0 \\ \text{id} \end{matrix}$$

A description of $\bar{J}(k)^n$ "at a generic point"

We extend to essentially finite type k -schemes

let $\mathcal{O}$ be a dom. lvs. of finite type / k with maximal
 $m = (\pi)$ quotient field F res field $\bar{k}$, valuation v

$$X = \text{Spec } \mathcal{O} \hookrightarrow Y = \text{Spec } k, \quad \text{then } N_Y X = \text{Spec } k[\bar{\pi}]$$

$\bar{\pi} = \text{res}(\pi) \in m/m^2$ and we have

$$N_Y X \hookrightarrow D(X, Y) = \text{Spec } \mathcal{O}[t, \pi t^{-1}] \hookrightarrow \text{Spec } \mathcal{O}[t, f^{-1}]$$

let $\mathcal{D} = \mathcal{O}_{D(X, Y)}$, $N X$, dom with fraction field $F(t)$
 residue field $\bar{k}$, giving a valuation w on $F(t)$

$$\text{let } \mathcal{X} = \text{gen pt of } X \in X^{(1)}, \quad \bar{k} = k(\bar{\pi}) = k(\pi), \pi \in \mathcal{O}^{(1)}$$

$$\text{We have } J(X, Y): C_*(X, \mathcal{M}) \rightarrow C_*(N_Y X, \mathcal{M})$$

$$\text{lemma } J^0: \bigcup N(x) = \mathcal{M}(F) \rightarrow \bigcup N(\pi) = \mathcal{M}(\bar{k})$$

$$(11.2) \quad J^0 = N_{\bar{k}/k} \circ S_x^v + \{ \bar{\pi} \} \circ N_{\bar{k}/k} \circ \partial_v$$

$\text{if } N_Y X \subset D(X, Y) = \text{Spec } \mathcal{O}[t, \pi t^{-1}]$ is a prime
 divisor with ideal $(t) \mathcal{O}[t, \pi t^{-1}]$

$$X \times_{\mathbb{A}^1(0)} = \text{Spec } \mathcal{O}[t, t^{-1}]$$

$$\text{Spec } F \times_{\mathbb{A}^1(0)} = \text{Spec } F[t, t^{-1}] \supset \text{Spec } F(t)$$

Then
$$\mathcal{I}^0 = \partial_{\omega} \circ \{t\} \circ \nu_{F(t)/F}$$

Note $E =$ residue field $x(\omega)$ for the valuation ω
 and for $\phi: N_X \hookrightarrow D(X, Y)$ we have $i^*(-\pi t^{-1}) = \bar{\pi} \in m/m^2$
 $\in \mathcal{O}_X^*$

$$\text{so } \{t\} = \{t \cdot (-\pi t^{-1})\} = \{-\pi t^{-1}\}$$

Then for $p \in N(F)$ we have (compare with §4)

$$\begin{aligned} \partial_{\omega} \circ \{t\} \circ \nu_{F(t)/F}(p) &= \partial_{\omega} \circ \{-\pi\} \circ \nu_{F(t)/F}(p) = \partial_{\omega} \{-\pi t^{-1}\} \circ \nu_{F(t)/F}(p) \\ &= \nu_{E/K} \partial_{\omega} \{-\pi\} p + \{-\pi\} \nu_{E/K} \partial_{\omega}(p) \\ &= \nu_{E/K} S_{\omega}^{\vee}(p) + \{-\pi\} \nu_{E/K} \partial_{\omega}(p) \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

lemma
(11.3) let $g: X' \rightarrow X$ be flat $Y' \hookrightarrow X'$ and

$$g^* \downarrow \hookrightarrow \downarrow g$$

give $N(g): N_{Y', X'} \hookrightarrow N_{Y, X} \times_{Y'} Y' \rightarrow N_{Y, X}$

then $N(g)^* \circ \bar{J}(X, Y) = \bar{J}(X', Y') \circ g^* \Big|_{Y' \times_{X'} D(X, Y)} = D(X', Y')$

If g flat $\Rightarrow D(X', Y') \cong X' \times_X D(X, Y)$
 $\searrow \downarrow \swarrow$
 $D(X, Y) \xrightarrow{p_2}$

$$N_{Y', X'} = Y' \times_{Y'} N_{Y, X} \hookrightarrow D(X', Y') \hookrightarrow X' \times_{X'} D(X, Y) \xrightarrow{\pi'} X'$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} N(g) \downarrow & \downarrow \lrcorner & \downarrow \lrcorner & \downarrow g \text{ id} & \downarrow g \\ N_{Y, X} & \hookrightarrow & D(X, Y) & \hookrightarrow & X \times_X D(X, Y) & \xrightarrow{\pi} & X \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow N(g)^* \circ \partial \circ \{t\} \circ \pi^* \stackrel{(4.4)(2)}{=} \partial' \circ (g \times \text{id})^* \circ \{t\} \circ \pi^*$$

$$N(g)^* \circ \bar{J}(X, Y)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (4.3) \Rightarrow & \partial' \circ \{t\} \circ (g \times \text{id})^* \circ \pi^* \\ &= \partial' \circ \{t\} \circ \pi'^* \circ g^* \\ &= \bar{J}(X', Y') \circ g^* \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

(11.4) Suppose we have a diagram $Y \hookrightarrow X$ with p flat of rel. dim d . Suppose that the composition $N_Y X \rightarrow Y \hookrightarrow X \xrightarrow{p} W$ is also flat of rel. dim d . Then

$$J(X, Y) \circ p^* = g^*: W \rightarrow N_Y X$$

pf: let $\pi_W: W \times (A' \setminus 0) \rightarrow W$ be the projection

$\pi_X: X \times (A' \setminus 0) \rightarrow X$, $\mu: D(X, Y) \rightarrow X \times A'$ structure map

and let f be the composition

$$D(X, Y) \xrightarrow{\mu} X \times A' \xrightarrow{p \times id} W \times A' \xrightarrow{p \times id} W \times (A' \setminus 0)$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned} J(X, Y) \circ p^* &= \partial_{N_Y X} \circ \{+\} \circ \pi_X^* \circ p^* \quad \left| \begin{array}{c} \pi_X \downarrow \quad \pi_W \downarrow \\ X \rightarrow W \end{array} \right. \\ &= \partial \circ \{+\} \circ (p \times id)^* \circ \pi_W^* \quad (\S 4) \end{aligned}$$

f is flat and

$$f|_{N_Y X} = g$$

$$J(X, Y) \circ p^* = \partial \circ \{+\} \circ (p \times id)^* \circ \pi_W^*$$

$$(4.3) = \partial \circ (p \times id)^* \circ \{+\} \circ \pi_W^*$$

(4.4) (2)

$$= g^* \circ \partial' \circ \{+\} \circ \pi_W^*$$

$$= g^* \text{ by Lemma 4.5 } (\partial' \circ \{+\} \circ \pi_W^* = id) \quad \square$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} N_Y X \hookrightarrow D(X, Y) \hookrightarrow X \times (A' \setminus 0) & & & & \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow & \downarrow f & & \downarrow p \times id & \\ X \times (A' \setminus 0) & \downarrow & W \times A' \hookrightarrow W \times (A' \setminus 0) & & \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & & \\ W \times 0 \hookrightarrow W \times A' & \hookrightarrow & W \times (A' \setminus 0) & & \\ \partial' & \nearrow & & & \end{array}$$

(11.5) Given a commutative diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & X' \\ & \nearrow & \downarrow p \\ Y & \hookrightarrow & X \end{array}$$

with p smooth and i, i' regular embeddings, we have the induced surjection of vector bundles on Y , $N(p): N_Y X' \rightarrow N_Y X$.
Then

$$T(X', Y) \circ p^* = N_p^* \circ T(X, Y)$$

pf Let $S_Y \in \mathcal{O}_X$, $S_{Y'} \in \mathcal{O}_{X'}$ be the ideal sheaves. The map $p^*: \mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{X'}$ has $p^* S_Y \subset S_{Y'}$, since

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{D(X', Y)} &= \mathcal{O}_{X'}[t] \oplus \bigoplus_{n \geq 1} S_{Y'}^n t^{-n} \\ \uparrow p^* & \quad \uparrow p^* \\ \mathcal{O}_{D(X, Y)} &= \mathcal{O}_X[t] \oplus \bigoplus_{n \geq 1} S_Y^n t^{-n} \end{aligned}$$

we have a commutative diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} N_Y X' & \hookrightarrow & D(X', Y) & \hookrightarrow & X' \times (\mathbb{A}^1 \setminus 0) & \xrightarrow{p_{X'}} & X' \\ \downarrow N(p) & & \downarrow D(p) & & \downarrow \text{prid} & & \downarrow p \\ N_Y X & \hookrightarrow & D(X, Y) & \hookrightarrow & X \times (\mathbb{A}^1 \setminus 0) & \xrightarrow{p_X} & X \end{array}$$

The left-hand square is cartesian since both $N_Y X$ and

$N_Y X'$ are principal divisors in $D(X, Y)$, $D(X', Y)$ defined by t .

Note $D(p)$ is flat: let $J \subset \mathcal{O}_{D(X, Y)}$ be an ideal sheaf

$\leadsto$ (Not surjective, the 49)

- $J \otimes \mathcal{O}'$ is an $\mathcal{O}'$ -module $\Rightarrow \bigcap_n (t^n)(J \otimes \mathcal{O}') = 0$ (Krylov's lemma)
- $\times t : \mathcal{O}' \rightarrow \mathcal{O}'$ is injective
- $\mathcal{O}'/H \rightarrow \mathcal{O}'(H)$ is flat ($N_Y X' \rightarrow N_Y X$)

Then:

$$J(X', Y) \circ p^* = \mathcal{O}_Y^{X'} \circ \{t\} \circ p_{X'}^* \circ p^*$$

$$(4.1) = \mathcal{O}_Y^{X'} \circ \{t\} \circ (p \times \text{id})^* \circ p_X^*$$

$$(4.3) = \mathcal{O}_Y^{X'} \circ (p \times \text{id})^* \circ 1_H \circ p_X^*$$

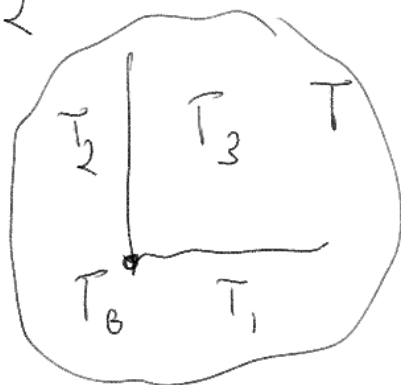
$$(4.4) = N(p)^* \circ \mathcal{O}_Y^X \circ \{t\} \circ p_X^* \quad (\text{flatness})$$

$$= N(p)^* \circ J(X, Y) \quad \square$$

(11.6) Let T be a k -scheme with closed subscheme T_1, T_2 . Let

$$\bullet T_0 = T_1 \cap T_2 \quad \bullet T_i = T_0 \cup T_i, \quad i=1, 2$$

$$\bullet T_3 = T \setminus (T_1 \cup T_2)$$



This gives boundary maps

$$\partial_1^3: T_3 \xrightarrow{\sim} \tilde{T}_1 \hookrightarrow T_1 \hookrightarrow T \setminus T_2 \hookrightarrow T_3$$

$$\partial_2^3: T_3 \xrightarrow{\sim} \tilde{T}_2 \hookrightarrow T_2 \hookrightarrow T \setminus T_1 \hookrightarrow T_3$$

$$\partial_0^i: \tilde{T}_i \xrightarrow{\sim} T_0 \hookrightarrow T_0 \hookrightarrow T_i \hookrightarrow \tilde{T}_i \quad i=1,2$$

Then there is a homotopy h of bidegree $(-1, -1)$

$$0 \sim \partial_0^1 \partial_1^3 + \partial_0^2 \partial_2^3: T_3 \rightarrow T_0; \quad S(h) = \partial_0^1 \partial_1^3 + \partial_0^2 \partial_2^3$$

proof Write

$$C_*(T, M) = C_*(T_0, M) \oplus C_*(\tilde{T}_1, M) \oplus C_*(\tilde{T}_2, M) + C_*(T_3, M)$$

This decomposes the differential d_T as

$$d_T = \sum_{i \leq j} d_{ij}^i \quad d_{ij}^i: C_*(\tilde{T}_j, M) \rightarrow C_*(\tilde{T}_i, M)$$

$$\text{where } d_{ii}^i = d_{\tilde{T}_i}^{(\sim)} \text{ and } d_{11}^3 = \partial_1^3, d_{22}^3 = \partial_2^3, d_{00}^3 = \partial_0^3, d_{00}^1 = \partial_0^1$$

Then looking at the component $C(T_3, M) \rightarrow C(T_0, M)$ of $0 = d_T \circ d_T$, we have

$$0 = (d_T + T)_0 = \left[\left(\sum_{j \geq i} d_{ij}^i \right) \circ \left(\sum_{j \geq i} d_{ij}^i \right) \right]_0^3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= d_0^1 d_1^3 + d_0^2 d_2^3 + d_0^0 d_0^3 + d_0^3 d_3^3 \\
&= \partial_0^1 \partial_1^3 + \partial_0^2 \partial_2^3 + d_0^0 d_0^3 + d_0^3 d_3^3 \\
&= \partial_0^1 \partial_1^3 + \partial_0^2 \partial_2^3 + S(d_0^3)
\end{aligned}$$

so take $h = -d_0^3 \quad \square$

§ Some useful lemmas

Let $Z \hookrightarrow Y \hookrightarrow X$ be regular closed immersion. Recall

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
D(D(X, Y), Z \times \mathbb{A}^1) & = & N_{Z \times \mathbb{A}^1} D(X, Y) \\
\downarrow \omega(S=0) \mathbb{A}^1 \times \{0\} & & \downarrow
\end{array}$$

and we have the cartesian $\mathbb{A}^1$ diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
N_Z N_Y X & \hookrightarrow & N_{Z \times \mathbb{A}^1} D(X, Y) & \hookrightarrow & N_Z X \times (\mathbb{A}^1, 0) \\
& & & & \text{giving the} \\
& & & & \text{blowing map}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
\downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \\
0 & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{A}^1 & \hookrightarrow & \mathbb{A}^1 \times \{0\} & \xrightarrow{\partial_1^*} & N_Z X \times (\mathbb{A}^1, 0) \hookrightarrow N_Z N_Y X
\end{array}$$

and projection $\pi: N_Z X \times (\mathbb{A}^1, 0) \rightarrow N_Z X$

Define $\tilde{J}(N_Z X, N_Z N_Y X) = \partial \circ \{+\} \circ \pi^*$

Lemma 1 Let $Z \hookrightarrow Y \hookrightarrow X$ be regular embeddings

$$T_{\text{de}} \quad T = \bar{D} = D(D(X, Y), Z \times A'), \quad T_1 = \bar{D}|_{\{0\} \times A'} = D(N_Y X, s_Y(Z))$$

$$T_2 = \bar{D}|_{A' \times \{0\}} = D(N_Z X, N_Z Y), \quad T_0 \subset T_1 \cap T_2$$

and let $\pi: T_3 \rightarrow X$ be the projection, π onto

$$A' \times A' = \text{Spec } k[t, s]. \quad \text{Then}$$

$$\partial'_0 \partial'_1 \circ \{t, s\} \circ \pi^* = \bar{J}(N_Y X, Z) \circ \bar{J}(X, Y)$$

$$\partial''_0 \partial''_2 \circ \{s, t\} \circ \pi^* = \bar{J}(N_Z X, N_Z Y) \circ \bar{J}(X, Z) \quad \text{are homotopic,}$$

$$\text{as maps } C_*(X, M) \rightarrow C_*(N_Z N_Y X, M)$$

$$\text{pf} \quad \text{Let } \pi_2 \circ \pi_{13}: X \times (A' \times \{0\}) \times (A' \times \{0\}) \rightarrow X \times (A' \times \{0\}) = X \times \text{Spec } k[s]$$

$$\pi_4 \circ \pi_{12}: X \times (A' \times \{0\}) \times (A' \times \{0\}) \rightarrow X \times (A' \times \{0\}) = X \times \text{Spec } k[t]$$

$$\pi^s: X \times \text{Spec } k[s, s'] \rightarrow X \quad \text{be the}$$

$$\pi^t: X \times \text{Spec } k[t, t'] \rightarrow X \quad \text{projections}$$

$$\pi_{N_Y X}: N_Y X \times (A' \times \{0\}) \rightarrow N_X Y$$

$$\pi_{N_Z X}: N_Z X \times (A' \times \{0\}) \rightarrow N_Z X$$

We have

$$\begin{aligned}
 \partial_0^1 \partial_1^3 \circ \{t, s\} \circ \pi^* &= \partial_0^1 \circ \{s\} \circ \partial_1^3 \circ \{t\} \circ \pi_s^* \circ \pi^{s*} \\
 &= \partial_0^1 \circ \{s\} \circ \bar{J}(X \times \{\Delta', 0\}, Y \times \{\Delta', 0\}) \circ \pi^{s*} \\
 &\quad + (11.3) \quad = \partial_0^1 \circ \{s\} \circ \pi_{N_Y X} \circ \bar{J}(X, Y) \\
 \bar{D}|_{t=0} = D(N_Y X, Z) &= \bar{J}(N_Y X, Z) \circ \bar{J}(X, Y) \\
 \text{and}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \partial_0^2 \partial_1^3 \circ \{s, t\} \circ \pi^* &= \partial_0^2 \circ \{t\} \circ \partial_1^3 \circ \{s\} \circ \pi_t^* \circ \pi^{t*} \\
 &= \partial_0^2 \circ \{t\} \circ \bar{J}(X \times \{\Delta', 0\}, Z \times \{\Delta', 0\}) \circ \pi^{t*} \\
 &\quad (11.3) \quad = \partial_0^2 \circ \{t\} \circ \pi_{N_Z X}^* \circ \bar{J}(X, Z) \\
 \bar{D}|_{s=0} = N_{Z \times \Delta'} D(X, Y) &= \tilde{J}(N_Z X, N_Z N_Y X) \circ \bar{J}(X, Z) \quad \square
 \end{aligned}$$

Lemma 2 Let $Z \hookrightarrow Y \hookrightarrow X$ be regular embeddings. Let

$\pi_{Z^X}^X: N_Z X \rightarrow Z$, $\pi_{Z^Y}^Y: N_Z N_Y X \rightarrow Z$ be the projections.

Then $\tilde{J}(N_Z X, N_Z N_Y X) \circ \pi_{Z^X}^X = \pi_{Z^Y}^Y$